

CS61B SPRING 2016 SECRET SECTION 2 WORKSHEET

CS61B Tutors

Week 2

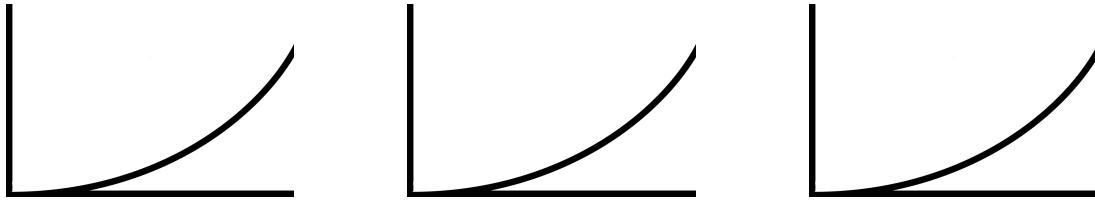
1 Big O Ordering

Rank the following from smallest to largest growths:

$$\begin{array}{lll} O(\sqrt{n}) & O(\log n) & O(2^n) \\ O(e^n) & O(n^{3/2}) & O(n \log n) \\ O(1) & O(\log^2 n) & O(n!) \\ O(n^n) & O(n) & \end{array}$$

2 Warmup

Starting from the graph on the left, shade in the regions that correspond to $O(n^2)$, $\Omega(n^2)$, $\Theta(n^2)$, respectively.



3 Big O Notation

Find the tightest O , Ω , Θ functions that bound the following:

1. $5n + 6 - 3n$
2. $2^n + 2^{n-1}$
3. $n^2 + n \log n + 3n$
4. $\log n + \log(n^2)$
5. $\log n!$
6. $1 + 2 + \dots + n$

4 Runtime Analysis

What are the O, Ω, Θ runtimes of the following function?

```

1 double minDistance = point[0].distance(point[1]);
2
3 /* Visit a pair (i, j) of points. */
4 for (int i = 0; i < numPoints; i++) {
5     /* We require that j > i so that each pair is visited only once. */
6     for (int j = i + 1; j < numPoints; j++) {
7         double thisDistance = point[i].distance(point[j]);
8         if (thisDistance < minDistance) {
9             minDistance = thisDistance;
10        }
11    }
12 }
```

5 More Runtime Analysis

What are the best case and worst case O, Ω, Θ runtimes of the following contrived function?

```

1 //runs in O(n) time
2 public static void linear(){...}
3 //runs in O(n^2) time
4 public static void squared(){...}
5 //runs in O(n^4) time
6 public static void fourth(){...}
7 //runs in O(n^5) time
8 public static void fifth(){...}
9
10 public static void contrived(n){
11     if (n % 2 == 0){
12         if (Math.random() > 0.5){
13             linear();
14         } else {
15             squared();
16         }
17     } else {
18         if (Math.random() > 0.5){
19             fourth();
20         } else {
21             fifth();
22         }
23     }
24 }
```

6 Even More Runtime Analysis

Assume sortedList is a sorted list of length n with no duplicates. What is the running time of the function useless? What does it print?

```
1 static void useless(int[] sortedList) {
2     for (int i = 0; i < sortedList.length; i++) {
3         System.out.println(foo(sortedList, sortedList[i]));
4     }
5 }
6
7 static int foo(int[] lst, int toFind) {
8     return bar(lst, toFind, 0, lst.length);
9 }
10
11 static int bar(int[] lst, int toFind, int lower, int upper) {
12     if (lower == upper) {
13         return -1;
14     }
15     int mid = (lower + upper) / 2;
16     if (lst[mid] > toFind) {
17         return bar(lst, toFind, lower, mid);
18     } else if (lst[mid] < toFind) {
19         return bar(lst, toFind, mid + 1, upper);
20     }
21     return mid;
22 }
```

7 Designing Algorithms

Write a function that determines if an array has all unique characters in $O(n^2)$ time.

```
1 public static void hasUniqueCharacters(char[] characters){  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20 }
```

Now try to do it in $O(n)$ time. Assume the only characters are lowercase a-z, 0-9.

```
1 public static void hasUniqueCharacters(char[] characters){  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20 }
```